

Industrial survey papers

Six reasons to reject them

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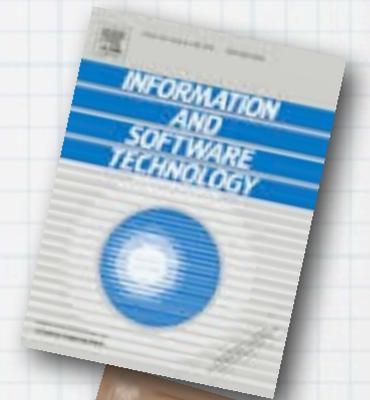


ICESI 2013

First Intl. Workshop on Conducting Empirical Studies in Industry

Our experience

- * Six distinct surveys in last 10 years
- * Most finalized in quality venues
- * Dismayed at some reviews



Goals

- * Identify typical unwarranted criticism
- * Provide typical rebuttal strategies
- * Devise guidelines for avoiding them

Our surveys

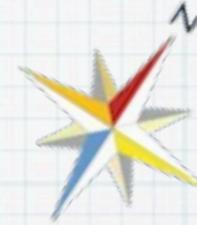
| Topic | Scope | Year |
|---|---|---------|
| Development with Off-The-Shelf components |    | 2004 |
| Software projects success factors |    | 2007 |
| Software migration (Web, SOA, smartphones) |  | 2007 |
| Perception of software projects success factors |   | 2008 |
| SOA knowledge, adoption and trend |  | 2008,11 |
| Model-driven engineering |  | 2011 |

Top six

1. No practical usefulness
2. Sampling bias
3. Obvious conclusions
4. Just people's perceptions
5. No analysis of non-respondents
6. Limited geographical scope

1. No practical usefulness

- * “it is not clear how other researchers or practitioners can benefit from the outcomes of this study”
- * Surveys take a snapshot that defines the framework map for setting up any grounded research plan



2. Sampling bias

- * Representativeness

- * What does a representative sample of software development projects look like?

- * Sampling frame

- * Self-selection bias



3. Obvious conclusions

- * “The results are hardly surprising or controversial”
- * Surveys take a faithful picture of the industrial reality,
 - * without any “photoshopping”



4. Just perceptions

- * “it seems to provide only a ‘the general perception is’ argument.”
- * It is the price to pay to get a large scale snapshot of an otherwise unobservable phenomenon
- * Software engineering activities heavily depend on humans and so their perceptions do matter



5. Non Respondents

- * “Did you perform a non-respondent analysis?”
- * Response rate is available only if you have your sample listed
 - * not for mailing lists or web advertisement
- * Further analysis (exclusion motivation) are nearly impossible to conduct



6. Limited geo scope

- * “I would suggest as future work to extend the survey to other continents”
- * Generalizability is of course limited
- * Have you ever conducted a multi-national (continental) survey?



What's next...

- * We aim at thoroughly analyzing reviewers' comments



We want **YOU**
to share your surveys' reviews